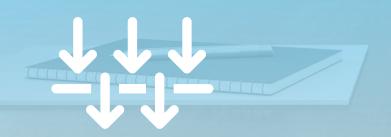
# Sound Masking



## Introducing... Sound Masking

#### SOUND MASKING IS A CRITICAL COMPONENT OF ACOUSTIC DESIGN

When designing an optimal acoustic environment, architects consider a variety of elements to address noise control and speech privacy. Elements added either absorb, block, or cover sound, and are collectively called the ABC's of acoustic design. All of the ABC's of acoustic design can be used together or individually to achieve the desired acoustic environment, but absorbing and blocking materials are costly and underused. Sound masking, on the other hand, is a low-cost option for creating acoustical environments that both reduce noise distractions and increase speech privacy.



### **ABSORB**

Acoustic wall panels, carpet, and ceiling tiles help absorb excess sound



### **BLOCK**

Solid barriers, partitions, and walls help block excess sound



#### COVER

Sound masking helps cover distant conversations

### Why Do You Need Sound Masking?

#### **OPEN FLOOR PLANS**

Most workplaces today feature more openspaces and smaller, and often shared, workstations.

Fewer sound blocking and absorptive materials are being used such alower or non-existent partitions, hard or glass surfaces, and thinner walls and doors. This creates acoustical challenges that negatively impact workplace satisfaction, productivity, and speech privacy.

### **WORKER SATISFACTION**

Approximately 24,000 office workers in private offices, shared offices, cubicles, and open offices were asked to rate their satisfaction with their noise and speech privacy levels. Those with private offices were the only ones satisfied with their speech privacy, and even they only rated them a .55 out of 2 on average.

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#### SPEECH PRIVACY

What is speech privacy? Simply put, it's the inability of an unintended listener to understand outside conversations. The Center for the Built Environment in Berkeley, California, surveyed more than 25,000 workers in more than 2,000 buildings to determine what the key environmental issues were for workers.

Of all of the factors workers encountered in their environment, speech privacy was far and away the factor they were the most dissatisfied with.

and here's 3 more reasons...

### Why Do You Need Sound Masking?

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#### **PRODUCTIVITY**

Employees are interrupted once every 11 minutes according to research from UC Irvine, and it takes them up to 23 minutes to get back into the flow of what they were doing before they were interrupted.

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#### **SAVE MONEY**

A recent study presented to the International Congress of Noise as a Public Health Problem, found that, on average, employees wasted 21.5 minutes per day due to distractions.

This adds up to big monetary losses for companies. 21.5 minutes daily is roughly 4% of an average employee's work day (based on an 8 hour day). A company with 100 employees and an average employee salary cost of \$50,000 is losing \$200,000 a year in lost productivity.

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#### CONFIDENTIALITY

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100 EMPLOYEES X \$50K (AVERAGE SALARY COST) X 4% = \$200K

### Who Benefits From Sound Masking?





#### **BUSINESS OWNERS**

Protect speech privacy and increase productivity by reducing noise distractions

#### **FACILITY MANAGERS**

Help increase worker satisfaction and reduce operating costs

#### **PROPERTY MANAGERS**

Increase the value of your space



#### HR MANAGERS

Comply with speech privacy requirements



#### **EMPLOYEES**

A more comfortable work environment with fewer distractions



#### **ARCHITECTS**

Improve the acoustical environment of new or retrofitted spaces

Sound masking is also used by healthcare managers, general consultants and contractors...

## Where Should Sound Masking Be Used?









#### **CORPORATE**

Open Office, Private Office,
Outside of
Conference Rooms

#### **TECHNOLOGY**

Engineering and Research Labs, Co-share Spaces, Huddle Rooms

#### **EDUCATION**

Libraries, Classrooms, Testing Centers

#### **HOSPITALITY**

Hotel Rooms, Reception Areas, Spas



#### **HEALTHCARE**

Hosps and Clinics, Offices and Counseling Areas, Pharmacies



#### **FINANCE SERVICES**

Retail Banks, Call Centers, Board Rooms



### **GOV & LAW**

Secured Facilities, Courtrooms, Law Offices



#### **VENUES**

Airport Lounges, Houses of Worship (Back Office), Conference Centers

but there really is **NO LIMIT** as to where sound masking can be used!



### **How Does Sound Masking Work?**

#### **ADDING SOUND MAKES SPEECH LESS INTELLIGIBLE**

Adding sound to a space actually makes the space seem quieter. It sounds counter-intuitive, but it's true. This is because the added sound reduces the intelligibility of speech. When you can't understand what someone is saying, their words are less distracting — in fact, you probably don't even notice them.

Have you ever had a conversation while washing dishes? When the water isn't running, you can hear the other person's words perfectly. When you turn the water on it becomes much harder to hear them and understand what they are saying.

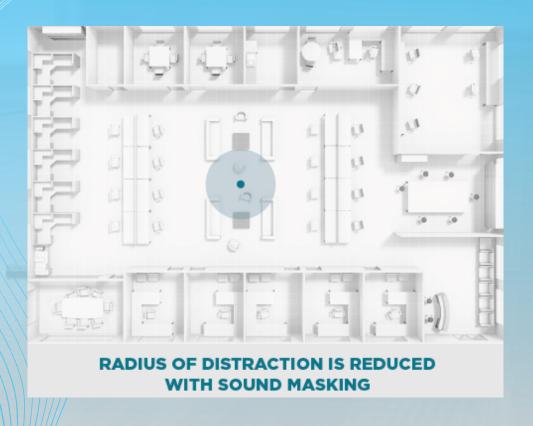
The person isn't speaking more softly, but they sound as if they are. This is because the noise of the running water is "masking" the sound of the person speaking to you.

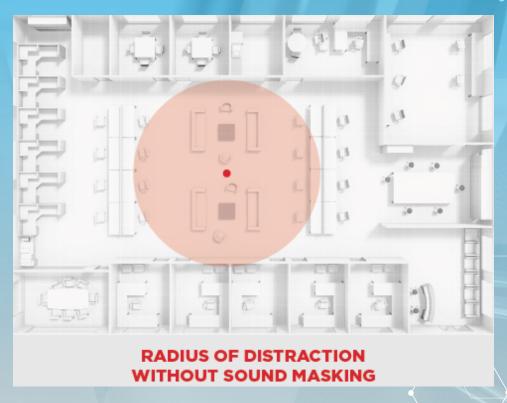
Sound masking mimics this phenomenon on a much more sophisticated and effective scale. By adding ambient sound to an environment (such as professionally engineered sounds similar to water flowing or airflow) you help mask the other noises in the environment, making them less distracting. Sound masking doesn't eliminate all noises in an environment; it simply reduces the area where human speech is intelligible and distracting. We call this area the radius of distraction.



### **How Does Sound Masking Work?**

Once masking is added, it becomes more challenging to understand conversations from across the room, and thus makes it less likely that conversations will distract you.







**Management LLC** 

### Different Approaches To Sound Masking

#### **DIRECT SOUND MASKING**

Direct (commonly called direct-field) sound masking uses small loudspeakers installed throughout the ceiling.

The loudspeakers, which are also called emitters, broadcast the sound masking signal directly into the office environment.

The major advantage of direct-field sound masking is that it can be completely confined to the areas where it is required, and independent spaces, or zones, can more precisely receive the desired sound masking level.

#### **INDIRECT SOUND MASKING**

Another method of implementing sound masking is through what's called indirect technology.

With indirect sound masking, upward firing loudspeakers are placed below the ceiling deck in what's known as the plenum space.

The sound masking signal is broadcast against the ceiling deck and then reflects downward (often through ceiling tiles) and into the office environment.

The major advantage of indirect sound masking is the ability to individually tune the loudspeakers according to the plenum space's variables, like HVAC ductwork or extensive cabling infrastructure or other acoustics-altering factors.

Visit our London Showroom to experience the brilliance of sound masking first hand. We'd love to talk you through it, and how we can make the integration process efficient & seamless for your organisation.

It really needs to be experienced to be fully appreciated.



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